

THE PAGELAND JOURNAL

Vol. 5 NO. 4

PAGELAND, S. C., WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 7, 1914

Walter Rodgers \$1.00 per year
Mar 15

DAILY WAR REPORTS

Synopsis of War News as Reported Daily from the Scene Battle.

THURSDAY

London, Sept. 30.—The nineteenth day of the battle of the Aisne finds the Allied armies pushing with all the strength they can bring to bear in their great effort to outflank the German right wing and force it back from its line of communications through Belgium.

There is evidence that this movement is beginning to tell and that unless something unforeseen happens this portion of the German army must fall back to another defensive line.

The French official report today says the action continues to develop to the northward: so that the French left must be pushing toward Cambrai as yesterday it was in the neighborhood of Albert.

FRIDAY

London, Oct. 1.—The battle of the Aisne, now nearing the end of its third week, soon will outstrip in respect to time the great contest fought at Mukden nearly ten years ago, but still no definite result has been achieved.

The french official communication issued late today condensed into about 30 words, was one of the shortest given to the public since the war began. It records that progress has been made by both right and left wings of the allied armies but gives no details or the extent of the progress between the lines.

Military experts believe the great battle they have been described, continue to open to clutch at the outspread wings of the German army, particularly the right, which forms the upright portion of the L and now has its back to the east, fighting with desperation to prevent the French left from encircling or smashing it. Along most of the front, estimated at 180 miles in length, the artillery has played by far the most important part in the struggle but on the German right lighter guns, cavalry and infantry are doing most of the fighting with a stubbornness and disregard of life that people so often have said in recent years modern soldiers never would display.

SATURDAY

London, Oct. 2.—The battle of the Aisne, as it still is called, although the armies contending in it have spread far beyond that river, has been in progress just three weeks and no decision has been reached. Reports from Paris earlier in the week that the allies' operations were about to succeed were premature. From all appearances there must be more hard fighting before either side gives away.

The heaviest blows are being given and taken in the western theatre, where, according to official communications, an extremely violent battle continues near Roye, where the Germans have concentrated considerable forces. The communication added that the action was extending more and more northward and that the fighting front now extended to the district south of Arras.

This, apparently was a modest account of the northward advance of the French, for private telegrams received in London tonight announced that the French actually had reached Arras. Stubborn resistance is being offered by the Germans in

(Continued on page two.)

Bleese and Peeples Did Not Fight

Mr. Fred Dominick has the following to say in a letter to the Gaffney Ledger in regard to the report that Attorney General Peeples had whipped Governor Bleese:

There is no foundation in fact for any such rumors, which have been so industriously circulated throughout the State. There has been no differences between the Governor and the Attorney General, and none between the Attorney General and myself. It is unfair to Mr. Peeples to say that he has been ungrateful to me, or has shown any ingratitude, and there is not the slightest foundation for any such rumors or any such statement.

In justice to Gov. Bleese, Attorney General Peeples and myself, I hope you will make the proper corrections to the statements made in your paper.

Yours truly,

Fred H. Dominick,
Assistant Attorney General.
September 29, 1914.

Cases Tried at Court

A full report of the proceeding of the recent session of criminal court for this county could not be given in the last issue of this paper, and the record is therefore completed herewith:

Joel P. Horn and Mary Sikes, charged with adultery; plead guilty; sentence suspended on good behaviour.

Walter Scott, charged with housebreaking and larceny; plead guilty; sentence 6 months at hard labor.

J. O. Adams, charged with assault and battery with intent to kill; plead guilty to assault and battery of high and aggravated nature. Sentence suspended on good behaviour.

Frank Teal, charged with assault and battery with intent to kill; plead guilty of assault and battery of high and aggravated nature; sentence 6 months and \$25; imprisonment suspended on good behaviour.

Dave Gillespie, charged with assault and battery with intent to kill; plead guilty; sentence six months and \$50, imprisonment suspended on good behaviour.

W. A. Edwards, alias Wilson Edwards, charged with assault and battery of high and aggravated nature; plead guilty; sentence suspended on good behaviour.

Lonnie Allen, charged with burglary and larceny; plead guilty; sentence, one year at hard labor.

E. W. Bell, charged with forgery; plead guilty; sentence one year at hard labor.

Gus Hubbard, charged with murder; plead guilty; manslaughter 6 years at hard labor.

Will Smith, charged with assault with intent to ravish; plead guilty to aggravated assault and battery; 2 years at hard labor.

Armstead Young, charged with assault with intent to ravish; verdict of assault and battery of high and aggravated nature; one year at hard labor.

John Williams, charged with housebreaking and larceny, 4 cases, jury verdict, 1 year at hard labor.

Anderson Lockhart, charged with murder; jury verdict guilty with recommendation to mercy; sentenced to life imprisonment.

A. M. Hodges, charged with violating dispensary law; sentenced 6 months at hard labor. Sentence suspended during good behaviour.

Boss Talley, charged with larceny; plead guilty; sentence one year at hard labor.

Laddie Pegues, charged with assault with intent to ravish; found guilty by jury with recommendation to mercy; sentence, 5 years at hard labor.

Keep a Stiff Upper Lip.

The the way to make hard times is to talk hard times. Men will stampede just as cattle stampede when some one springs a false alarm.

The other day I looked over a cotton buyer's books for the fall of 1911. Cotton opened at 8 1-2, and the bulk of the crop sold on the local market brought under 9 cents.

Yet no one around here starved to death that winter and everybody planted cotton again for 1912.

Don't listen to hard time talk. Above all use your head. Figure up how you—No. 1 stand, and you will discover that you haven't perished yet.

Full grown the men are out of place as whiners. God hates a quitter. Grin, and hoe your own row.—Fountain Inn Tribune.

Easy For Edison.

Charlotte Observer

American inventive genius still finds incentive from situations growing out of the European war. Mr. Thomas Edison uses large quantities of carbolic acid in the manufacture of the disc for his new phonograph. When he realized that the war had cut off the supply of carbolic acid from Germany, he set to work to make his own supply. In this he was successful off hand. He constructed a plant from which he is making carbolic acid synthetically from benzol, and from this process Mr. Edison says America can make all the carbolic acid it needs now or will need at any future time. Edison is a great man. The only thing he has attempted which has stumbled him is the production of electricity from coal, and he will have that before he quits.

Report of the Grand Jury.

To His Honor, John S. Wilson, Presiding Judge:

We, the Grand Jury, having passed upon all bills submitted to us by the Court, beg leave to make the following report:

The committees appointed by us to examine the poor house, the jail, the roads and chain gang and to look into the condition of the various offices report as follows:

The poor house is neatly kept and in fair condition with the exception of the roof of the colored department which is in need of repair. The jail is in an excellent condition in every respect and the prisoners well cared for. The roads, generally speaking, are in a very bad condition. The bridge across Bear Creek, near Merriman's mill, is in bad condition. The abutment to the steel bridge at Craig's mill and the one at the bridge across Crewses branch are in need of repairs and we recommend that these be attended to at once.

New tents have been bought for the chain gang and the prisoners are as comfortably fixed as could be expected.

The books of all the magistrates of the county have been examined and found correct.

We recommend that a suitable carpet be placed in the passageway of the court room. We also recommend that a sewerage system and water works, with the proper connections, for the benefit of the officers and the public generally, be installed as early as practicable, in the court house.

We thank the Court and its members for all courtesies extended us.

Respected submitted,
J. O. Taylor, Foreman.

Comet Brought the Wars.

Waxhaw Enterprise

Halley's comet, which has been known in history as a harbinger of war, is making good this time. The comet was visible in this country in May and June, 1910. At that time there was not a war cloud visible anywhere. The whole world was at peace and many people hoped and believed that war was a thing of the past. However many others who are inclined to see things in signs, gave notice that trouble was brewing somewhere. And so it was. Halley's comet had hardly vanished when Madero collected a band of "Insurrectos" in Mexico and set out for the scalp of Diaz. The war in Mexico since then has continued almost without interruption. Shortly after the outbreak in Mexico, Italy and Turkey locked horns in Africa. Then followed the sanguinary struggle in the Balkans, 1912-13, when Bulgaria, Greece, Serbia and Montenegro united in war against Turkey, resulting in great loss of life. Also revolutions have taken place in China, Hayti and other countries. Two months ago the great European war broke out. This war involves about three-fourths of the territory of the world and all the first class powers of the world with the exception of the United States. On one side is Germany and Austria. On the other England, France, Russia, Japan, Serbia and Belgium. Turkey and Bulgaria are expected to join the Germans at any moment, while Italy and Roumania will most likely unite with the Allies. Surely the soothsayers have something to harp on now. Some 71 years hence when Halley's comet makes its next appearance it should cause consternation among the inhabitants inclined to be superstitious.

Food For Producing Winter Eggs Cheaply

Clemson College, October 5. F. C. Hare, poultry husbandman of Clemson College, recommends to South Carolina poultrymen a mash made of cottonseed meal and grain as the most economical feed with which to produce winter eggs in this State. This State is getting credit for the idea of feeding cottonseed meal to poultry and Mr. Hare has received a letter from a Richmond feed concern stating that it was putting out a mash of the sort recommended and naming it the "South Carolina Egg Mash." The formula recommended by Mr. Hare is as follows:

Cotton seed meal 100 lbs.
Corn and oat chop 100 lbs.
Ship stuff (wheat bran and shorts) 130 lbs.
Ground lime rock 16 lbs.
Ground charcoal 12 lbs.
Salt 2 lbs.

"This is the cheapest food for making eggs," says Mr. Hare "and though it has not been tested at Clemson College, the results that reliable feeders have obtained with it warrant our recommending it. Keep it in the house before the hens all the time. Use a covered box with slats around it, so the hens cannot soil or waste the meal, or put it in a hopper. Do not mix it with water and feed as a wet mash only once a day, because in that case the hens will overfeed and then stand around and get chilled.

"When the mash is fed dry the hens consume it gradually, as nature intended for them to feed. The ground lime rock is ordinary agricultural lime. The ground charcoal may be eliminated if it cannot be readily obtained, but always add the salt."

Wanted Something Fine

"Cornelius Husk, on his first visit to New York, entered a restaurant with timid, faltering steps. A waiter brought him a menu. Very red in the face, he studied it a long time. Finally, to help him out, the waiter said: "Table d'hote, sir?"

"What mought table dote be?" old Corn Husk asked feebly.

"'Course dinner, sir."

"Don't want 'er, then, said Corn Husk. "Ye see, young feller, I'm from the kentry, I am, and I get enough coarse grub to hum."—Detroit Free Press.

As Guaranteed.

Customer—When I bought the motorcycle didn't you say you'd supply me with any new part if I broke anything?

Motorcycle Dealer—Yes. What do you wish me to let you have?

Customer—I want a pair of new ankles, a rib, three feet of cuticle, a box of assorted finger nails, four molars and a funny bone!—Tit-Bits.

The Dum Dum Bullet.

Pee Dee Advocate

Instead of being sharp pointed, the dum-dum bullet has a concave end, which spreads when it strikes an object and tears the object to pieces. We have seen them used in practice by a crack rifleman. An ordinary .32 bullet made a small hole through an apple but when shot with a dum-dum, the apple was torn to pieces and so scattered that the fragments were hard to find.

You will forget the war when you hear The Potters at the school building Monday night.

TWO HOURS OF

SOLID Amusement

At The School

Auditorium

Monday Night

The POTTERS Will Give two hours of rare entertainment.

Mr. and Mrs. Potter are entertainers of unusual ability and REALLY ENTERTAIN. Naturally and bountifully gifted with a variety of talents, they offer programs extraordinary and unique in the extreme. SOMETHING GOOD, SOMETHING WHOLESOME, SOMETHING DIFFERENT, ARTISTICALLY RENDERED is their motto and they faithfully abide by it. Entertaining is their life work, life study and recreation. YEARS OF SUCCESS place them high among the leading entertainers in the Lyceum field and they never fail to win their audience. Wherever they have appeared they returned again and again. A HAPPY EVENING WITH "THE POTTERS" is worth while and not soon forgotten.